

# CONSUMER'S GUIDE TO TITLE INSURANCE



State of Nevada  
Department of  
Business & Industry

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**DIVISION OF INSURANCE**  
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- What is title insurance?
- Are you aware that you have a choice when selecting a title agency?
- Did you know there could be a difference in price for the same title insurance policy?

## **Introduction**

For many people the purchase of a home is the American Dream. The purchase of their home (or other real property) will be the largest purchase they will make. The excited buyers purchase homeowners or other property insurance to protect their investment. Some of these new owners shop before purchasing that insurance to ensure they receive the best deal or best service. However, there is another insurance purchase made at the same time that is just as crucial — the purchase of title insurance. Yet, many people do not compare rates and are not even aware that they have a choice in the selection of title insurers.

The Nevada Division of Insurance has designed this consumer brochure as a tool for consumers to protect the purchase of their real estate. This brochure is presented in two parts: 1) Answers to Questions About Title Insurance; and 2) Tips When Buying Title Insurance.

## **Answers to Questions About Title Insurance**

Here, we explain the basics of title insurance including its nature and purpose, the types of policies available and how to purchase it.

“Title” means the collective ownership records for a piece of property. This includes all previous transfers of ownership and liens on the property. The title to your property outlines your legal rights to own, use, possess, control or dispose of the property.



Transferring title to real property, meaning land and any buildings or other improvements built on the land, is more complex than transferring title to a car or other kinds of property. While land is permanent, land usage may change over time. For example, you may retain ownership of a piece of real property while transferring certain rights to the property, such as mineral rights, to someone else.

### ***What Is a Title Defect or Encumbrance?***

A title defect or encumbrance is a problem or omission in the ownership records of a property that may impair your legal rights to that property. Defects in a title may include errors and omissions in recorded deeds, missing or undisclosed heirs, conflicting wills, fraud or forgery, mistakes in examining records, liens for unpaid taxes and contractor liens.



### ***What Is Title Insurance?***

Title insurance is a contract in which the title insurance company, in exchange for a one-time premium at close of escrow, protects against future losses resulting from defects in the title to real property that exist at the time of purchase but are unknown or undisclosed.

Title insurance is significantly different from homeowners insurance and other casualty insurance. Casualty insurance provides protection from losses due to unknown future events such as fire or theft for a specified period of time (e.g. a yearly premium for a year of coverage). Title insurance provides protection for a one-

time premium for an indefinite period of time from future losses because of events that have already occurred (e.g. claims of ownership). Because of this, title insurers eliminate risks and prevent losses in advance through extensive searches of public records and thorough examination of the title.

For example, in the event that there is a claim against the title to your property by the ex-wife of the seller that was unknown or undisclosed at the time the title policy was issued, the title insurer would be obligated to defend that claim against your property. If it was proven in a court of law that the ex-wife did have a right to the property, the title insurer would be obligated to compensate you for your losses.

### ***What are the Different Types of Title Insurance?***

There are two types of title insurance policies — the owner's policy and the lender's policy. The owner will typically purchase the Standard Coverage Form in the amount of the purchase price of the property. It does not cover increases in value unless you purchase an endorsement. It covers the buyer's interest in the property for as long as the buyer or his or her heirs have an interest in the property subject to certain limitations.

The lender will typically purchase the Extended Coverage Form in an amount equal to the mortgage loan. It covers the lender's interest in the property for the life of the loan. It provides additional coverage not found in a typical owner's policy such as unrecorded easements and boundary discrepancies.

Owners may elect to purchase a Homeowner's Policy of Title Insurance instead of the Standard Coverage Form. Introduced in the 1990s, this policy includes the standard coverages of a typical owner's policy and additional coverages, such as forgery occurring after the policy effective date and increases in the value of the property.

### ***Do I Need Title Insurance?***

If you are borrowing money for a piece of property, most lenders will require a lender's policy to protect their interest in the property. You are not required to purchase an owner's policy, but you should weigh the potential impact of a loss against the cost of the title insurance. Neither the lender's policy nor the policy of the previous owner will protect you if there is a claim. Also, there is generally a substantial discount when a lender's policy and owner's policy are purchased together.

### ***I Am Purchasing a Newly-Built Home. Do I Really Need Title Insurance?***

Even though you are the first owner of the home, there have likely been many previous owners of the unimproved land. There may be mechanics' liens on the property placed by unpaid contractors and subcontractors. A title search will uncover any existing liens, and a survey will determine the boundaries of the property being purchased.



### ***I Am Refinancing My Home. Why Does the Lender Require a New Title Policy?***

It is not necessary to purchase a new owner's policy when you refinance a home. Your original policy purchased when you bought your home is effective as long as you and your heirs have an interest in the property. However, most lenders require a new policy based on the new transaction amount to protect their investment in the property because defects in title might have arisen between the original purchase and the refinance. For example, a building contractor may have put a mechanic's lien on the property, or you may have incurred a judgment for unpaid taxes, child

support or homeowners association fees. The new policy would also cover defects not detected when the previous policy was issued. Many title insurers have a discounted rate for lender's policies on a refinance. Be sure to ask your lender or title agent about these discounts.

### ***What Does My Title Insurance Policy Cover?***

A title insurance policy protects you from financial loss due to covered claims against your title, pays your legal costs if the title insurance company is required to defend your title against covered claims and pays successful claims against your title.



Claims typically covered under an owner's title insurance policy include:

- Someone other than the insured who owns an interest in the property.
- Forgery, fraud, undue influence, duress, incompetency, incapacity, or impersonation.
- Defective recording of a document.
- Restrictive covenants.
- Undisclosed liens due to a deed of trust, unpaid taxes, special assessments or homeowners association charges.
- Unmarketability of title.
- Lack of access to and from the land.

Ask your title insurance agent to explain what is and is not covered under your title insurance policy.

### ***What Is a Title Search and Examination?***

Because title insurance covers losses due to defects that already exist, a major part of the title insurance transaction is the title search and examination. Before issuing a policy, the insurer will

conduct a detailed examination of the historical, public records concerning the property. These records include, but are not limited to, deeds, mortgages, wills, tax records and maps.

The title search should show all defects and encumbrances including judgments, liens and other restrictions. According to the American Land Title Association, 26 percent of title searches find a problem which the title insurer cures before issuing the policy. After the title search and examination, the insurer will issue a Preliminary Report of Title or Commitment for Title Insurance listing the existing encumbrances. If these encumbrances cannot be cured, they are excluded from coverage. Title insurance provides protection against undisclosed defects. It is generally not intended to protect against defects that are uncovered by the title search but cannot be cured.

### ***How Are Title Insurance Premiums Paid?***

Title insurance premium is paid one time at the time of closing usually through the title agency. It is based on the amount of insurance you purchase. Insurers are required to file their schedule of rates including any discounts or other modifications. Modifications include discounts for short-term policies or refinances, special rates for large commercial projects and charges for optional endorsements. These rate schedules are public record and are available for inspection at the Division of Insurance.

Local custom determines who pays the premium for title insurance. In Nevada, the seller usually pays the premium for the owner's policy and the buyer usually pays the premium for the lender's policy. This may, however, be negotiated between the buyer and seller.

### ***Where Can I Purchase Title Insurance?***

Although your real estate or mortgage broker will often recommend a particular title agency, Nevada law prohibits them from requiring that consumers use a particular agent or insurer. You

may purchase title insurance from any title insurer authorized to do business in Nevada. You should verify that an insurer is authorized in Nevada at **DOL.NV.GOV** or by calling toll-free anywhere in Nevada (888) 872-3234.

Title insurers may offer their policies directly to consumers, through affiliated agents or through independent agents. Different title agents (also known as title companies) may offer different services, and title insurance rates and escrow fees may vary between companies. Again, you may purchase title insurance through any Nevada licensed title company. To verify a title agent's license, you may contact the Division of Insurance.

Some factors to consider when choosing a title agent or title insurer are the cost of the title insurance and escrow fees, speed and accuracy of closing services, quality and timeliness of claims resolution and frequency and resolution of consumer complaints filed with the Division of Insurance. Ask friends, relatives or business associates regarding their experience and satisfaction with a title agency. Or, you can contact the Division of Insurance and inquire about the number of complaints received and the nature of those complaints.

### ***What Should I Do if I Have a Claim?***

Be sure to keep a copy of your title insurance policy. As soon as you discover a title-related problem, contact the insurer listed on your policy. Make your claim in writing and include copies of all relevant documents including any correspondence related to the claim. Keep copies of all documents for your own records. Nevada law requires insurers to acknowledge receipt of a claim within 20 working days after receipt of the claim notice and to accept or deny a claim within 30 working days after receiving properly executed proofs of loss.



## ***What Other Costs May Be Involved?***

### ***Escrow Fee***

Besides title insurance premiums, you must pay the title company a fee for escrow and closing services. This is called the escrow fee. Escrow and closing services generally include holding the purchase funds in an escrow account and distributing them to the proper parties at the close of sale, gathering all required documents and presiding over their signing, and recording the deed. Nevada law requires each title insurer and title agent to make available to the public its schedule of fees and charges, including escrow fees. Some title companies have the schedules available on their website.

### ***Short Sale and Foreclosure***

Today's real estate market includes more and more short sales and real-estate owned (REO) properties. A short sale is one in which the sale price of the property is less than the amount owed on the mortgage. Because of this, the lender must approve any short sale before it occurs. An REO property is one owned by the lender as a result of an unsuccessful sale at a foreclosure auction. Short sales and REO closings involve more time and expense for the title company than a regular closing. Because of this, many title companies impose a short-sale fee or REO fee on top of the basic escrow fee. Different title companies have different fees. Be sure to shop and compare prices before selecting a title company.

### ***Private Transfer Fee***

Some developers include a Private Transfer Fee (PTF) covenant in their sales contracts. A PTF covenant requires that each time the home is resold, a percentage of the sale price is paid to the original developer. A typical PTF covenant requires that for the next 99 years, when the buyer and any subsequent buyer resell the

home, they must each pay a 1% fee to the developer. These covenants became common in the mid 2000s but may be less common in the future as some states are banning the use of PTF covenants, and the Federal Housing Finance Agency is restricting Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and Federal Home Loan Banks from dealing in mortgages that include PTF covenants.

### ***Where Can I Find More Information?***

For questions or problems with title insurers or title agents, contact the Nevada Division of Insurance toll free in Nevada at (888) 872-3234, the Carson City Office at (775) 687-0700, or the Las Vegas Office at (702) 486-4009. Visit our website at **DOI.NV.GOV** for other consumer guides.

For questions or problems with mortgage lenders and escrow companies licensed in this state, contact the Nevada Division of Mortgage Lending at (702) 486-0780, or visit its website at **MLD.NV.GOV**.

For questions or problems with real estate agents and brokers licensed in this state, contact the Nevada Real Estate Division at (702) 486-4033, or visit its website at **RED.STATE.NV.US**.

For information on title insurance and title agents, contact the American Land Title Association toll free at (800) 787-ALTA, or visit its website at **ALTA.ORG**.

For information on buying or selling a home, contact the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development at (202) 708-1112, or visit its website at **HUD.GOV** for information regarding the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (RESPA).

## **Tips When Buying Title Insurance**

Here are some things to keep in mind when buying title insurance.

- Verify that the title insurer and title agent are licensed to conduct business in Nevada. You can verify the status of a license by visiting the Division's website at **DOI.NV.GOV**.
- Check that the policy amount is correct. The owner's policy should insure the full purchase price of the property. The lender's policy should provide coverage equal to the amount of the mortgage loan.
- Determine who is going to pay for each policy. In Nevada, the seller usually pays for the owner's policy and the buyer pays for the lender's policy. However, this may be negotiated between the buyer and seller.
- Verify the effective date of the policy. It should be the same date as the close of escrow.
- Check to make sure that the policy describes all of the property being purchased and all the interests being acquired by you.
- Read and understand the terms of the insurance contract, including any limitations and exclusions in the policy. Ask your agent if you do not understand something.
- Make sure the name of the insurance company and the title agency appear on any legal documents in case you need to file a claim or file a complaint in the future. Keep these documents in a safe place.

- Check with your title agent to see if your purchase may qualify for any discounts on title premium or escrow fees. Some title insurers and agents offer discounts for short-term financing or refinancing.
- Title insurers may offer concurrent or reduced rates if they are providing both the owner's policy and lender's policy in the same transaction.
- Compare rates, services and policies offered. Talk to your title insurance agent about which policy (standard, extended or homeowners) is right for you.
- Your real estate or mortgage broker might have an ownership interest in the title agency selected to close the loan. Ask about any and all relationships with the title agency.
- Report any suspicious activity to the Division of Insurance. Rebates are illegal in Nevada.
- Remember: you are able to choose any title insurer/agent you desire. You are not required to use any title insurer or title agent suggested or recommended by a lender or real estate agent.



This Consumer's Guide to Title Insurance is intended to assist consumers in understanding title insurance. It is not intended as an "all inclusive" informational source. Please refer to your title insurance policy for coverage details.

## **Comparison of Title Insurance Rates**

This guide contains a rate comparison for both owner's and lender's residential title insurance policies by county. These rates are based on the basic schedule of rates filed by the insurer as noted on schedule of rates and are subject to change. These rates do not reflect any endorsements, escrow or settlement charges or discounts. To use this guide, find the column with the appropriate county and approximate purchase price of the home. If an entry is blank, the insurer has indicated it does not do business in that county. The owner's policy rate is for a Standard Coverage Policy. The lender's policy rate is for an Extended Coverage Policy issued at the same time as the owner's policy.



# Title Rates by Company

		Alliant National Title		American Guaranty Title		Chicago Title		Commerce Title	
		Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders
Carson	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Churchill	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Clark	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,320	710	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,805	953	1,558	542
Douglas	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Elko	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Esmeralda	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Eureka	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Humboldt	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Lander	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Lincoln	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,320	710	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,805	953	1,558	542
Lyon	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Mineral	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Nye	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,320	710	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,805	953	1,558	542
Pershing	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Storey	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
Washoe	\$150K	860	351	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	486	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	647	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542
White Pine	\$150K	860	358	846	354	855	478	758	302
	\$300K	1,245	474	1,297	489	1,250	675	1,158	422
	\$500K	1,705	612	1,697	609	1,675	888	1,558	542

# Title Rates by Company

		Commonwealth Land Title		Entitle (Direct Marketing)		Entitle (Agency Marketing)		Fidelity National Title	
		Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders
Carson	\$150K	855	478	674	144	1,036	222	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	1,016	218	1,561	335	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,380	296	2,121	455	1,675	888
Churchill	\$150K	855	478	674	144	1,036	222	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	1,016	218	1,561	335	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,380	296	2,121	455	1,675	888
Clark	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,320	710	876	188	1,736	372	1,320	710
	\$500K	1,805	953	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,805	953
Douglas	\$150K	855	478	674	144	1,036	222	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	1,016	218	1,561	335	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,380	296	2,121	455	1,675	888
Elko	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	876	188	1,736	372	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,675	888
Esmeralda	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	1,016	218	1,736	372	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,675	888
Eureka	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	876	188	1,736	372	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,675	888
Humboldt	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	1,016	218	1,736	372	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,675	888
Lander	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	876	188	1,736	372	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,675	888
Lincoln	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,320	710	1,016	218	1,736	372	1,320	710
	\$500K	1,805	953	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,805	953
Lyon	\$150K	855	478	620	133	980	210	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	985	211	1,540	330	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,165	250	2,100	450	1,675	888
Mineral	\$150K	855	478	620	133	980	210	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	985	211	1,540	330	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,165	250	2,100	450	1,675	888
Nye	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,320	710	985	211	1,736	372	1,320	710
	\$500K	1,805	953	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,805	953
Pershing	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	985	211	1,736	372	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,675	888
Storey	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	985	211	1,736	372	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,675	888
Washoe	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	985	211	1,736	372	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,675	888
White Pine	\$150K	855	478	740	159	1,141	245	855	478
	\$300K	1,250	675	985	211	1,736	372	1,250	675
	\$500K	1,675	888	1,378	295	2,296	492	1,675	888

# Title Rates by Company

		First American Title		National Title of New York		North American Title		Old Republic National Title	
		Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders
Carson	\$150K	855	256	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	391	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	517	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
Churchill	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
Clark	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	846	473
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,297	699
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,697	899
Douglas	\$150K	855	256	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	391	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	517	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
Elko	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
Esmeralda	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	846	473
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,297	699
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,697	899
Eureka	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
Humboldt	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
Lander	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
Lincoln	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	846	473
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,297	699
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,697	899
Lyon	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
Mineral	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	846	473
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,297	699
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,697	899
Nye	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	846	473
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,297	699
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,697	899
Pershing	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
Storey	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
Washoe	\$150K	855	342	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	521	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	689	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883
White Pine	\$150K	855	385	823	247	755	264	841	471
	\$300K	1,302	586	1,268	380	1,175	411	1,266	683
	\$500K	1,722	775	1,733	520	1,585	555	1,666	883



# Title Rates by Company

		Stewart Title Guaranty		Title Resources Guaranty		United General Title		Westcor Land Title		WFG National Title	
		Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders	Owners	Lenders
Carson	\$150K	775	388	804	241	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,251	375	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,641	492	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Churchill	\$150K	775	388	804	241	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,251	375	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,641	492	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Clark	\$150K	775	388	819	246	750	225	825	402	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,219	366	1,150	345	1,255	595	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,619	486	1,550	465	1,685	789	1,485	327
Douglas	\$150K	775	388	804	213	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,251	333	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,641	453	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Elko	\$150K	775	388	720	216	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,120	336	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,520	456	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Esmeralda	\$150K	775	388	720	216	668	200	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,120	336	1,068	320	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,520	456	1,468	440	1,666	833	1,485	327
Eureka	\$150K	775	388	720	216	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,120	336	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,520	456	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Humboldt	\$150K	775	388	770	231	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,170	351	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,570	471	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Lander	\$150K	775	388	720	216	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,120	336	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,520	456	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Lincoln	\$150K	775	388	720	216	668	200	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,120	336	1,068	320	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,520	456	1,468	440	1,666	833	1,485	327
Lyon	\$150K	775	388	804	241	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,251	375	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,641	492	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Mineral	\$150K	775	388	804	241	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,251	375	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,641	492	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Nye	\$150K	775	388	720	216	668	200	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,120	336	1,068	320	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,520	456	1,468	440	1,666	833	1,485	327
Pershing	\$150K	775	388	770	231	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,170	351	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,570	471	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Storey	\$150K	775	388	720	216	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,120	336	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,520	456	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
Washoe	\$150K	775	388	804	226	683	205	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,251	346	1,083	325	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,641	472	1,483	445	1,666	833	1,485	327
White Pine	\$150K	775	388	720	216	668	200	841	421	710	172
	\$300K	1,250	625	1,120	336	1,068	320	1,266	633	1,085	247
	\$500K	1,850	925	1,520	456	1,468	440	1,666	833	1,485	327

## **DIVISION OF INSURANCE CONTACT INFORMATION**

If you have a question about this guide or about a title insurer or agency, please contact:

Carson City Office  
1818 College Pkwy., Suite 103  
Carson City, NV 89706-7986  
Phone: (775) 687-0700  
Fax: (775) 687-0787

Las Vegas Office  
2501 East Sahara Ave., Suite 302  
Las Vegas, NV 89104-4137  
Phone: (702) 486-4009  
Fax: (702) 486-4007

Website Address: **DOL.NV.GOV**

E-mail Address: [insinfo@doi.state.nv.us](mailto:insinfo@doi.state.nv.us)

## **CONSUMER SERVICES SECTION**

For consumer complaints, contact one of our Consumer Services Sections:

Carson City: (775) 687-7000

Las Vegas: (702) 486-4009

Toll-Free anywhere in Nevada (888) 872-3234